

**FORM CJT 731 FIREARMS
CERTIFICATION WRITTEN TEST**PRIVATE SECURITY GUARDS / PRIVATE
INVESTIGATORS/ BAIL RECOVERY AGENTS

Revised 4/2012

Return this completed form with CJT Form

726 to:

WSCJTC**PO Box 40905****Olympia WA 98504-0905**

Answer the following questions by marking the correct answer, filling in the blank, or choosing true (T) or false (F). This is a pass/fail test. The applicant for firearms certification must answer all of the questions correctly to pass. The use of the "Study Guide" and notes are permitted. The instructor may allow you to retest if he/she decides that you understand the material completely.

APPLICANT NAME:

1. You <u>may or may not</u> perform the duties of an armed private security guard, armed private investigator, or armed bail bond recovery agent while waiting for your armed license to be issued by the Department of Licensing.	<input type="checkbox"/> MAY <input type="checkbox"/> MAY NOT
2. You must be certified with <u>EACH</u> firearm you will use while working. A change in the type of firearm you use requires recertification.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
3. The instructor has absolute authority over the handling of firearms during this certification.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
4. For private security, the decision to carry or use a firearm is a choice that is made by <u>you</u> or your employer?	<input type="checkbox"/> YOU <input type="checkbox"/> EMPLOYER
5. Before carrying a firearm, you must thoroughly understand the law on the use of deadly force.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
6. You may use only _____ and _____ force to protect property or lawfully detain a suspected criminal.	A. B.
7. The law usually allows you to use deadly force to prevent a property crime.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
8. The law allows you to use deadly force to defend your life.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
9. The law does not allow you to use deadly force to defend another person's life.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
10. Any use of force by you must be _____ and _____ to overcome resistance to your lawful order.	A. B.
11. A private citizen has a duty or requirement to use deadly force in some situations.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
12. After using force, you are required to talk to the police before you have a chance to get legal advice.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
13. After using force, you should administer _____ to someone you have injured, when it is safe to do so.	A.
14. After using force, you must call for _____ and _____ assistance as soon as possible.	A. B.
15. When the police arrive, you should identify yourself clearly and pose no threat to the police in order to reduce the chance that you will be mistaken for a _____.	A.
16. Your employer may be held criminally responsible for your actions with a firearm.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
17. Pointing a firearm at another person, without a legitimate reason to do so, is a(n) _____.	A.
18. Recklessness by you, which results in the death of another, is _____.	A.

19. Intentional and unlawful killing of another person is _____.	A.
20. Someone whom you injure may sue you for monetary damages if you have used force recklessly or illegally.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
21. The best defense against a civil suit is knowledge of law, good _____, and adequate training with your firearm and use of force.	A.
22. When confronting someone, or giving commands, you should first _____ yourself.	A.
23. You should give a command like, "Stop or I will shoot!" before using _____ if time allows you to do so.	A.
24. You may use deadly force in self-defense if another person has the _____ to greatly harm or kill you, the _____ to greatly harm or kill you, and by their actions indicates intent to put your life in _____.	A. B. C.
25. The four basic firearms safety rules are: (Give complete sentence or phrase.)	A. B. C. D.
26. Typical plywood and sheetrock residential construction will usually not stop a handgun bullet.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
27. A warning shot fired at random into the air <u>is</u> or <u>is not</u> a recommended act?	<input type="checkbox"/> IS <input type="checkbox"/> IS NOT
28. For the purposes of protection from gunfire, cover is defined as anything which will stop a bullet.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
29. Distance between you and your assailant is almost always a disadvantage to you.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
30. Kneeling and prone positions are steadier to shoot from than a standing position.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
31. Shooting for "_____ of _____" when defending yourself is recommended.	A. B.
32. Shooting at a person you have not identified <u>is</u> or <u>is not</u> permissible?	<input type="checkbox"/> IS <input type="checkbox"/> IS NOT
33. When using a flashlight to aid in target identification and shooting, you should turn the light off before you _____.	A.
34. A holster that allows you to place your finger on the trigger while the firearm is in the holster is safe and acceptable.	<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE
TEST RESULTS	<input type="checkbox"/> PASSED <input type="checkbox"/> FAILED
APPLICANT NAME:	APPLICANT SIGNATURE:
INSTRUCTOR NAME:	RANGE/LOCATION:
INSTRUCTOR SIGNATURE:	TEST DATE:
INSTRUCTOR EMAIL:	INSTRUCTOR PHONE: